

ABSTRACT

The present invention discloses a method and composition for the treatment of bacterial infections by the parenteral introduction of an effective amount of at least one lytic enzyme produced by a bacteria infected with a bacteriophage specific for said bacteria wherein the lytic enzyme is selected from the group consisting of shuffled lytic enzymes, chimeric lytic enzymes, holin enzymes, and combinations thereof, wherein said lytic enzyme is in an appropriate carrier for delivering the lytic enzyme into a patient. The injection can be done intramuscularly, subcutaneously, or intravenously.

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